BLACKPLINTH REALTORS PVT. LTD.

REGD. OFFICE: C/62, VIBGYOR TOWER, 9TH FLOOR BANDRA KURLA COMPLEX, BANDRA EAST <u>MUMBAI – 400 051</u> <u>Phone No.: 022-43119000</u> E-mail Id: rkgupta@kothariproducts.in

(CIN NO.-U45400MH2011PTC219443)

DIRECTORS REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS:

The Board of Directors of your company feel delighted in presenting its Sixth Annual Report and Audited Accounts of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2017.

YEARLY OVERVIEW:

The Company was incorporated on 5th July, 2011 with the main object inter-alia carrying on the business of Builders, Constructors, Contractors and to carry on the business of owners of land, flats, etc. and to deal in them. The Company has during the year incurred a loss of Rs. 73,964 as against loss of Rs. 1,17,345/- during previous year.

DIVIDEND:

Your Directors do not recommend any Dividend for the financial year under review due to losses.

DIRECTORS:

Sri Mitesh Kothari and Sri Haresh Pratap Chandan, Directors of the Company, retire by rotation in the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible offer themselves for reappointment. The Board recommends their reappointments.

SHARE CAPITAL:

There were no changes in the share capital of the Company

NUMBER OF THE BOARD MEETINGS:

The Company held Four Board Meetings during the year 2016-17.

DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

As required under Sec.134 (3) (c) read with Sec. 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm:

- (i) That in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2017, the applicable accounting standards have been followed:
- (ii) that the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for the year under review;
- (iii) that the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) that the Directors have prepared the annual accounts for the year under review on a going concern basis.
- (v) the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively.
- (vi) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

LOANS GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

There are no loans, guarantees and investments covered under sec. 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

FIXED DEPOSITS:

The company has not accepted any Fixed deposits from the public hence particulars relating to aforesaid are not applicable.

EXTRACTS OF THE ANNUAL RETURN:

As per Section 92(3) of The Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 12 of The Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, an extract of the Annual Return of the Company in Form No. MGT-9 is attached to this report as 'Annexure-1'.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

The particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the Note No. 2.09 to the financial Statements

Further, The particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 have been enclosed with the report in the prescribed format AOC-2 as 'Annexure-2'.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The information under these headings is Nil.

AUDITORS & AUDITORS' REPORT:

M/s Kapadia Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai, Auditors of the Company, retire at the ensuing annual general meeting and are eligible for reappointment. There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Auditors Report which call for explanation by the Directors. As per the amendment in The Companies Act, 2013 the Auditor shall be appointed for a period of five years from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting subject to ratification by members in every Annual General Meeting.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

There are no employees who were in receipt of remuneration as specified in Sec. 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

MATERIAL CHANGES & COMMITMENTS AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION:

There have been no material changes and commitments which have occurred between the end of financial year and the date of this report which can have impact on financial position of the company.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

The Company has in place adequate Internal Financial Control Systems & other internal control procedures commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business to ensure proper recording of financial & operational information and compliance of various statutory compliances.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS:

There are no significant, material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES

The 54% share capital of the Company is held by Kothari Products Ltd. and accordingly the Company is a subsidiary of Kothari Products Ltd. The Company has no Joint Ventures and associates.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has developed and implemented Risk Management Policy for the Company which inter-alia includes identification therein elements of risk, if any, which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company.

DISCLOSURE UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place, an Anti-sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention & Redressal) Act, 2013.

An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment if any. All employees (Permanent, Contractual, Temporary, Trainees) are covered under this policy. As there was no employee in the Company during the year hence the question of complaint does not arise.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation for the co-operation and support extended by various Government Departments, Bankers etc.

Place: MUMBAI

By order of the Board For BLACKPLINTH REALTORS PVT. LTD.

Date: 22ND May, 2017

(KAMLESH MEHTA) (HARESH P. CHANDAN) DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

FORM NO. MGT 9
EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN
as on financial year ended on 31,03.2017
Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company
(Management & Administration) Rules, 2014.

REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

	CIN	U45400MH2011PTC219443
:=	Registration Date	05.07.2011
Œ	Name of the Company	BLACKPLINTH REALTORS PVT. LTD.
.≥	Category/Sub-category of the Company	PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
	Address of the Registered office	
	& contact details	C/62, VIBGYOR TOWER, 9TH FLOOR, BANDRA KURLA
		COMPLEX, BANDRA EAST
		MUMBAI- 400051
		PH: (022) - 43119000 & FAX NO.: (022) - 43119090
>		E-MAIL: rkgupta@kothariproducts.in,
· - -	Whether listed company	ON
ij	Name , Address & contact details of the	N.A.
:	Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	

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PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated

1					
NIL	% to total turnover	of the company			İ
	NIC Code of the	Product /service			
	Name & Description of main	products/services	1111	111N	
	St No			1	,

	PARTICULARS OF HOLDING , SUBSIDIARY & ASSOCIATE COMPANIES
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SUBSIDIARY SHARES	SI No	Name & Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	HOLDING/	% OF	APPLICABLE
ASSOCIATE HELD L16008UP1983PLC006254 HOLDING 54%				SUBSIDIARY/	SHARES	SECTION
L16008UP1983PLC006254 HOLDING 54%				ASSOCIATE	HELD	
'PAN PARAG HOUSE" 24/19, THE MALL, KANPUR - 208001	-	KOTHARI PRODUCTS LTD.	L16008UP1983PLC006254	HOLDING	54%	2(46)
KANPUR - 208001)	"PAN PARAG HOUSE" 24/19, THE MALL,				
		KANPUR - 208001				

SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share capital Break up as % to total Equity)

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Category of Shareholders	No. of Sh	ares held at	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the	ing of the	No. of Sh	ares held a	No. of Shares held at the end of the year	the year	
		ye	year						
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	% change during the
A. Promoters									year
(1) Indian		}							
a) Individual/HUF	-	23000	23000	46		23000	23000	46	,
b) Central Govt.or									
State Govt.	•	•	ı	-	-	1	1	,	•
c) Bodies Corporates	-	27000	27000	54		27000	27000	54	:
d) Bank/Fl	1	_	+	-	-	-	1	1	
e) Any other	-	-	-	•	-		•	-	
	1	•	-	-	,	•	1	'	,
SUB TOTAL:(A) (1)	-	20000	20000	100		50000	20000	100	
	-	-	•		-		•	1	
(2) Foreign	-	-	-	•	,	1			
a) NRI- Individuals	-	_	-	•	•	,	-		
b) Other Individuals	•	•	-		,	•	1		,
c) Bodies Corp.	1	-	-	-			ı	,	,
d) Banks/FI	-	_	_	•			,	'	
e) Any other	•	•	-	-	-			1	,
	-	1	•		-	-	•		ı
SUB TOTAL (A) (2)	•	1	-	-	-	-	1		,
	'	-	1 :	•	-		-	,	
Total Shareholding of									
Promoter (A)= (A)(1)+(A)(2)	ı	20000	20000	100		50000	20000	00	
		1	,	'		,	-	3 '	
	-	1	'	,	,	-		'	,
B. PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING	-	•	-	-		-	1	•	
	1	-	-	•			<u> </u>		
(1) Institutions	•	-	_	•			,		 -
a) Mutual Funds	-	•	-	-		,	ļ .		
b) Banks/FI	1	•	-	•		,	,	,	'
C) Cenntral govt	-	•	-	•			-	•	

d) State Govt.	٠	ı	'	-	,	,	,		
e) Venture Capital Fund			'						
f) Insurance Companies									•
il insulance companies	•	•				,		,	-
g) FIIS	-	•	-	-	1	٠	1	•	ı
h) Foreign Venture									
Capital Funds		ı	-	1	,	,	'	,	1
i) Others (specify)	•	•		1		•	_	,	
	-	'	•	•	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	,	'	•
SUB TOTAL (B)(1):		·	-	1	,	'			1
	-	•		•	, ,	,	,		
(2) Non Institutions	•	,	,	<u> </u>	,	,	'	,	
a) Bodies corporates	-	-	1	1	•	,		-	1
i) Indian	-	ą	<u> </u>		'	-		,	
ii) Overseas	,		,	,	'			1	
b) Individuals	1	-	-	ı		ı	,		
i) Individual shareholders									
holding nominal share									
capital upto Rs.1 lakhs		,	,	,	,		,	,	,
ii) Individuals shareholders									
holding nominal share									
capital in excess of Rs. 1								,	
lakhs	_	1	•	٠	,	ı	•	ı	•
c) Others (specify)	_	-	,	1		-	,		
NRI	-	•	-	,	•	•		1	
SUB TOTAL (B)(2):	1	_	-	•	-	-		-	•
	-	-	-	1	•	-	-		
Total Public Shareholding (B)= (B)(1)+(B)(2)	•	ı	t	-	_	•	-	1	ı
			, 	<u>'</u>		-	,		,
C. Shares held by Custodian						i			
for									
GDRs & ADRs	1	-		-	•	ı	•	ı	,
	•	•	-			'	, i		
Grand Total (A+B+C)	•	20000	20000	100		50000	50000	100	

(ii) SHARE HOLDING OF PROMOTERS

SI No.	Shareholders Name		Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shareholding at the end of the year	the	% change in share holding during the
								year
		No of shares	% of total shares	% of shares	No of shares	% of total shares	% of total shares % of shares pledged	
			of the company	pledged		of the company	encumbered to total	
				encumbered to			shares	
1	M/S. KOTHARI PRODUCTS LTD.	27000	54.000	0	27000	54.000	0	0
2	HARESH PRATAP CHANDAN	8000	16.000	0	8000	16.000	C	0
æ	AALEKH HARESH CHANDAN	0009	12.000	0	0009	12.000	o o	
4	PIYUSH NARSHI KOTHARI	0009	12.000	0	0009	12.000	ò	٥
5	DEEPAK KOTHARI	1000	2.000	0	1000	2.000	ò	
9	MITESH KOTHARI	1000	2.000	0	1000	2.000	0	
7	ARTI KOTHARI	1000	2.000	0	1000	2.000	0	o

(iii) CHANGE IN PROMOTERS' SHAREHOLDING (SPECIFY IF THERE IS NO CHANGE)

Date wise Increase/Decrease	(Remarks if any)				
the end of the	·	% of total shares of	the Company		
Shareholding at th year		No. of shares			
Shareholding at the beginning of the Shareholding at the end of the year		% of total shares No. of shares of	the Company		
Shareholding at th		No. of shares			
SI. No. Shareholder's Name				NOT APPLICABLE	
Sł. No.					

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Direcors, Promoters & Holders of GDRs & ADRs)

p Ten shareholders at the inning of the year	Shareholding at the	Shareholding at the beginning of the year Cumulative Shareholding during the year	Cumulative Sharehold	ling during the year	Date wise Increase/Decrease
					(Remarks if any)
	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the No. of Shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
		Company		of the Company	

(v) Shareholding of Directors

SI. No.	Name of Directors & KMP	Shareholding at the	Shareholding at the begning of the year	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	ing during the year	Shareholding at	Shareholding at the end of the year
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
∓ ⁴	Sri Mitesh Kothari	1000	2	1000	2	1000	. 7
2	Sri Haresh P. Chandan	8000	16	8000	16	8000	16
3	Sri Aalekh H. Chandan	0009	12	0009	12	9009	12
4	Sri Kamlesh Mehta				-	-	•

V INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the C	Indebtedness of the Company Including Interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment	tstanding/accrued b	ut not due for pay	ment
	Secured Loans	Unsecured	Deposits	Total
	excluding deposits	Loans		Indebtedness
Indebtness at the				
beginning of the				
financial year				
i) Principal Amount	1	27,66,29,976	_	27,66,29,976
ii) Interest due but no		-	•	-
iii) Interest accrued b	-	-	-	-
	•	•	•	•
Total (i+ii+iii)	•	•	-	•
		-	-	-
Change in				
Indebtedness				
during the financial				
year	•	•	•	•
Additions	•	3,37,86,035	•	3,37,86,035
Reduction		·		
Net Change	1	3,37,86,035		3,37,86,035
Indebtedness at the				
end of the financial				
year	-	31,04,16,011	-	31,04,16,011
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but no	•	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued b	_		-	•
	_	_	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	31,04,16,011	-	31,04,16,011

VI REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole time director and/or Manager:

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ging birector, wildle time director and/or Manager:

ZIL (Amt. in Rs.)

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tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 Stock option Sweat Equity Commission as 3% of profit others (specify) Others, please specify Gratuity Total (A)	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax. 1961. (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income	ined in section		
Stock option Sweat Equity Sweat Equity Commission as 3% of profit Commission as 3% of profit	tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under the Income Tax Act, 1961	section 17(3) of		
Sweat Equity Commission as 3% of profit Commission others (specify) Cothers, please specify Gratuity Cotal (A)	Stock option			
Commission as 3% of profit as 3% of profit (a) others (specify) (b) Others, please specify (c) Gratuity (c) Total (A) (c)	Sweat Equity			
as 3% of profit others (specify) Others, please specify Gratuity Total (A)	Commission			
others (specify) Others, please specify Gratuity Total (A)	as 3% of profit			
Others, please specify Cratuity Total (A) Total (A)	others (specify)			
Gratuity Total (A)	Others, please specify			
Total (A)	Gratuity			
	Total (A)			

Remuneration to other directors:

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SI.No	Particulars of Remuneration Name of the Directors To	Total Amount
1	Independent Directors	
	(a) Fee for attending board committee meetings	
	(b) Commission	
	(c) Others, please specify	
	Total (1)	
2	Other Non Executive Directors	
	(a) Fee for attending	
	board committee meetings	
	(b) Commission	
	(c) Others, please specify.	
	Total (2)	
	Total (B)=(1+2)	
	Total Managerial Remuneration	

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

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Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel

	_						_	_			 	_
			:	:								
NOT APPLICABLE												
		_										
		tained in section 161.	2) of the Income	r section 17(3) of								
	Gross Salary	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	Stock Option	Sweat Equity	Commission	as % of profit	others, specify	Others, please specify	Total	
,	7	_		}	2	3	4			5		

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THERE WERE NO PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board

PLACE: MUMBAI

Kamlesh Mehta

Haresh P. Chandan Director

DATE:22ND MAY, 2017

Director

ANNEXURE-2 TO DIRECTORS' REPORT Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms-length transactions under third proviso thereto

- 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:----- NIL------
- (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship
- (b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions
- (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any
- (e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions
- (f) date(s) of approval by the Board
- (g) Amount paid as advances, if any:
- (h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188
- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

Sl.	Particulars	Details
No.		
(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	The details of the
(b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	transactions with
(c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	related parties are
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	provided in the accompanying
(e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	financial
(f)	Amount paid as advances, if any	statements

Place : MUMBAI

Date: 22ND May, 2017

By order of the Board For BLACKPLINTH REALTORS PVT. LTD.

(KAMLESH MEHTA) (HARESH P. CHANDAN)
DIRECTOR DIRECTOR

KAPADIA ASSOCIATES

(REGISTERED)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

707, RAHEJA CHAMBERS, 213 NARIMAN POINT. MUMBAI 400 021. INDIA PHONE: (91 22) 6677 5555 FAX: (91 22) 6677 5500

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BLACKPINTH REALTORS PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **BLACKPINTH REALTORS PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the standalone financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone

tinancial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the standalone financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2017, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rule thereunder;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2017 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A"; and
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance

with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company; and
- iv. The Company did not have any holdings or dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from November 8, 2016 to December 30, 2016. Refer Note 4.12 to the standalone financial statements.

For Kapadia Associates

Chartered Accountants

Membership No. 060639

Firm Registration No.112711W

Mumbai

Dated: May 22, 2017

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Blackplinth Realtors Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India "ICAF". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting "the Guidance Note" and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAL

MUMBAI

For Kapadia Associates

Membership No. 060639

Dartner

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.112711W

Mumbai Dated: May 22,2017

CIN: Q 45400 MH 2 Balance Sheet #5 un March	2011 PTC 219443			Amount in Rs.
DARREC OF EX (25 NC 25 NC)	Sptes	31.03,2017	31,03.2016	01.04.2015
ASSETS				
(1) Nnu-Current Assets				
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2 0 1	12,686	18,805	•
(b) Capital Work-in-Progress		-		-
(c) Intangible Assets		-	•	•
(a) Funancial Assets				
(i) Investment in Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates		•	•	•
tici Other Investments	2.62	10.00.00.	37.30.660	445 420
(m) Loans	3.63	62,70,\$60	22,20,560	9,95,560
(iv) Other Financial Assets	2.02	e ou ne neo	5,00,25,000	5.00,25.000
(c) Other Non-Current Asser-	2 03	5,00,25,000 5,63,98,246	5,22,64,365	5,10,20,560
Total Non Current Assets (2) Current Assets	······································	3,00,00,240	- Institution:	34-54-54-11
(2) Inventories	2.04	23,22,60,484	20,29,31,136	17,55,34,333
(b) Financial Assets				
(i) Investments				-
(ii) Trade Receivables		•		
(ni) Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.05	38,30,531	1,000	23,52,751
(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above		-	•	
(v) Loans		-	•	•
(vi) Other Financial Assets		•	•	
(c) Other Current Assets	2,06	1,99,60,133	2,46,09,859	59,54,938
		25,60,51,148	22,75,41,995	18,38,42,622
(d) Assets classified as held for Sale / Disposal			22.25 11.605	10 20 43 02
Total Current Assets		25,60.51,148 31,23,59,394	27,75,41,995 27,98,96,360	18,38,42,02 23,48,62,58
Total Assets		31,22,27,374	£7,78,00,309	23,40,04,10
MANUELL AND CENTRE PERS				
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity (a) Equity Share Capital	2.07	5,00,000	5,00.000	5,00,000
(b) Other Equity	2 08	(3,02,592)	(4,28,628)	(3.11,283
Total Equity		(2,592)	71,372	1,88,71
4 TERRI E (4 MAN)			·····	
Liabilities				
(1) Non Current Liabilities				
(u) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings		•	-	*
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities		•		
(h) Provisions		-	4	•
(e) Deferred Tax Liabilities (biet) (refer note 42)		•	•	•
(d) Other Non-Current Liabilities	······································		<u> </u>	
Total Non Current Liabilities				
(2) Corrent Liabilities				
(a) Financial Liabilities	* 41	21.04.27.613	2277 2002	21 24 26 1 11
(i) Borrowings	2 09 2 10	31,04,16,011	27,66,29,976 8,96,452	33,26,25,14° 18,74,49
(ni) Trade Payables	2.11	13,84,709 37,730	21,09,614	12,92
(m) Other Financial Liabilities	2.12	5.23,536	98,947	1.61.30
(b) Other Current Liabilities (c) Provisions	- 1-	,3,2,3,3,90	70,747	1,071,300
(d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)			-	
Total Current Liabilities		31,23,61.986	27,97,34,989	23,46,73,86
1 Old Carlein Danistes				
Total Equity and Liabilities		31,23,59,394	27,98,06,360	23,48,62,58
Significant Accounting Policies	1			
Refer accompanying notes. These notes are integral part of the financial st	arements			
As per our report of even date				
For Kantidia Associates	For and on	behalf of the Box	rd of Directors	
Charged Acyountants				
Fras registration No. (12711W		6.6		
JUNI GREEN	k -	CH)	كالمائد و	
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/ YK 2 N DY 752K - XXX		Parker	•	
KYNAMY (S/I)	Kamlesh M	chia	Haresh Chards	in
Partner 2 MUMBAI	Director		Director	
Manufacture de 6063d	DIN 000R9	H76	DIN 00283435	

DIN . 00089076

Place: Murabai Date .22/05/2017

Red Acco

DIN . 00283435

Pluce Mumbai Date: 22/03/2017

Blackplinth Realtors Private Limited

CIN: U 45400 MH 2011 PTC 219443 Amount in Rs. Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2017 2016 - 17 2015 - 16 Revenue Revenue From Operations Gross Sale of Products Other Operating Revenues Other Income Total Revenue Expenses Expenses incurred on project under 3.01 2,93,29,348 development 2,73,96,803 3.02 (2,73,96,803) (2,93,29,348) Changes in Inventories of Work-in-Progress Employee Benefits Expense Finance Costs 6,120 6,120 Depreciation & Amortization Expense 2.01 1,11,226 3.03 67,844 Other Expenses Total Expenses 73,964 (73.964) (1,17,345) Profit Before exceptional items and Tax Exceptional Items (73,964)(1,17,345) Profit Before Tax Tax expense: Current tax Deferred tax

Provision for tax for earlier years written back (net) Total Tax Expenses Profit/(loss) for the period Other Comprehensive Income (73,964) (1,17,345) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans; Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Other Comprehensive income for the period (net of tax)

(1,17,345) Total Comprehensive Income for the period, net of tax (73.964)Earning per share [Basic & Diluted earnings per share (R)] 4.04 (1.48)(2.35)

Significant Accounting Policies

Refer accompanying notes. These notes are integral part of the financial statements

MUMBAI

Gred Accou

As per our report of even date padja Associates

ed Accountants

Place: Mumbai

Date: 22/05/2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

DIN: 00089076

Haresh Chandan Director DIN: 00283435

Place. Mumbai Date: 22/05/2017

		CIN: U 45400 MH 2011 PTC 219443		
Statement	of Changes in E	quity for the year ended March 31, 20	17	Amount in Rs.
	a mital			
A Equity Share C		articulars	Note	Amount
As at 01.04.201:	5		2.07	5.00,000
Changes in Equi				
As at 01.04.201			2.07	5,00,000
Changes in Equi	ry share capital		• • • •	
As at 31,03.201	7		2.07	5,00,000
B Other Equity				
)	Particulars	Note	Retained carnings
As at 01.04.201	5		2.08	(3,11,283)
Profit / (Loss) fo	or the year			(1,17,343)
Addition during			2.08	(4,28,628)
As at 01.04.201			2.08	(73,964)
Profit / (Loss) to				(13,304)
Addition during			2.08	(5,02,592)
As 21 31.03.201	7		2.08	(0,04,074)
Significant Accounting	Policies		ì	
Refer accompanying no	ies. These notes ar	e integral part of the financial statements		·
As per our report of eve				
For Kapadia Associate	es.	For and on behalf of the Boar	d of Directors	
Chartered Accountants				
firm's Logistration No.	112711W			
1\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		v Mi		market.
Mouro	ייא <i>ר</i>			
Mon	Λ	Kumlesh Mehta	-	Huresh Chandan
K. Yarayana	ASSO	Director		Director
Partier Membership no. 60639		DIN: 00089076		DIN: 00283435
Average expension and the	187			
Place Mumbai	Z MUMBA	Nambai		
Date: 22/05/2017	[·* N1(\10) ★	* Date: 22/05/2017		
Date 54.00.201/	Vol			

Blackplinth Realtors Private Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on March 31, 2017		Amount in Rs.
	2016 - 17	2015 - 16
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit Before Tax	(73,964)	(1,17,345
Adjustment to Profit Before Tax:		
Depreciation	6,120	6,120
Operating profit before working capital changes	(67,844)	(1,11,226
Movements in working capital:		
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	4,88,257	(9,78.038
Increase/(decrease)in other current liabilities	4,24,589	(62,357
Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilities	25,135	(327
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(2,93,29,348)	(2,73,96,803
Decrease/(increase) in long-term loans and advances	(40,50,000)	(12,25,000
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	45,49,726	(1,86,54,92)
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current assets	•	-
Cash generated from/(used iii) operations	(2,78,59,485)	(4,84,28,67
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	•	
Net cash flow from/(used in) operating activities (A)	(2,78,59,485)	(4,84,28,67
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of Fixed Asset	-	(24,92
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)		(24,92
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	3,37,86,035	4,40,04.82
Repayment of short-term borrowings		
Net eash flow from/(used in) in financing activities (C)	3,37,86,035	4,40,04,82
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+ C)	59,26,550	(44,48,77
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(20,96,019)	23,52,75
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	38,30,531	(20,96,01
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	1,000	1,00
Balance with banks	38,29,531	
Book overdraft in Current Bank Account		(20.97,01
Total cash and cash equivalents (Note No.)	38,30,531	(20,96,01
Significant accounting policies 1		
Refer accompanying notes. These notes are integral part of the financial statements		***************************************
As per our report of even date	half of the Board (.C Dimantona
For Kapadia Associates For and on be Chargered Accountants	ned of the Buard (,, 4711 CF33113
Firm Wegistration No. 112711W	A.C	
N MODINGSON	lilie.	هسلهر
There is a second of the secon		•
K. Wirklana / S Karolesh mehiti	• /	Haresh Chanda
Partner Q NUMBAL Y Director		Haresh Chandan
Membsership no. 600 10 DIN : 00089070	5	DIN: 00283435
Date: 22/05/2017 Place: Mumbai Place: Mumbai Place: Mumbai	17	

Notes to the Financial Statements

Significant Accounting Policies

1.01 Corporate information

Blackplinth Realtors Private Limited (the Company) is a private company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act. 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of real estate development. The Company has undertaken a redevelopment project in Mulund, Mumbai.

Authorization of financial statements

The standalone financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors passed on May 22, 2017.

Summary of significant accounting policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements.

1.02 Basis of preparation of Financial statements

Compliance with Ind AS

The standalone financial statements have been prepared to comply, in all material aspects, with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

These financial statements are the first financial statements of the Company under Ind AS. The date of transition to Ind AS is April 1, 2015. The adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 (First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards). The transition was carried out from Accounting Standard as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, (previous GAAP). The Company's Presentation currency and Functional currency is Indian Rupees (Rs.).

Classification of Assets and liabilities

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. All the divisions of the Company have normal operating cycle of less than twelve months, hence a period of twelve months has been considered for bifurcation of assets and liabilities into current and non-current as required by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 for preparation of Financial Statements.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

Note on Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

1.03 Use of Judgments & Estimates

The preparation of the Company's Financial Statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities and the accompanying disclosures along with contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require material adjustments to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. The Company continually evaluates these estimates and assumptions based on the most recently available information.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as below:

- Fair value measurements of Financial instruments;
- · Impairment of non-financial assets;
- · Estimates of useful lives and residual value of Property, Plant and Equipment:
- Revenue recognition
- Valuation of inventories;
- · Provisions and Contingencies;

1.04 Property, Plant and Equipment

Items of Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any

The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost (including import duties, freight and non-refundable taxes); any incidental costs directly attributable to bring the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management; initial estimated present value of any of any contractual decommissioning obligation; and borrowing cost for qualifying assets (i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use).

The purchase price is the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset. The cost also includes trial run cost and other operating expenses such as freight, installation charges etc. The projects under construction are carried at costs comprising of direct costs, related pre-operational incidental expenses and attributable interest.

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment and any significant part initially recognised separately as part of Property. Plant and Equipment is derecognised upon disposal; or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal; or when the Property, Plant Equipment has been re-classified as ready for disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values and useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and changes are accounted for as a change in accounting estimates on a prospective basis.

The Company has chosen the carrying value of Property, Plant and Equipment existing as per previous GAAP as on date of transition to Ind AS i.e. April 1, 2015 as deemed cost.



Notes to the Financial Statements

1.05 Depreciation on tangible fixed assets

Depreciation on fixed assets is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives estimated by the management, or those prescribed under the Schedule XIV to the Companies Act, 1956, whichever is higher. The company has used the following rates to provide depreciation on its fixed assets.

Office Equipment	3,34%

1.06 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

1.07 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets other than inventories, deferred tax assets and non-current assets classified as held for sale are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets, is considered as a cash generating unit. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset/cash generating unit is made. Assets whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's net selling price and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the assets are reflected at the recoverable amount.

1.08 Inventories

Direct expenses like land development rights, material for project construction, project design and technical consultancy, fees to authorities, cost incurred towards accommodation of members of the society under re-development are taken as cost of the construction work in progress.

Project work-in-progress is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

1.09 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Income from real estate sales is recognized on the transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyers and it is not unreasonable to expect ultimate collection and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration. However if, at the time of transfer substantial acts are yet to be performed under the contract, revenue is recognized on proportionate basis as the acts are performed, i.e. on the percentage of completion basis.

Revenue from construction contracts, where the outcome can be estimated reliably, is recognized on the basis of percentage completion method by reference to state of completion of the contract activity. The Company follows principle laid down in 'Guidance Note on Accounting for Real Estate Transactions' (for entities to whom Ind AS is applicable) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

1.10 Income taxes

a) Provision for current tax is made on the basis of taxable profits computed for the current accounting period (reporting period) in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961.

b) Deferred tax is calculated at the rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as of the Balance Sheet date and is recognized on timing differences that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets are recognized on carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation and tax losses only if there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realized. Other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is a reasonable certainty of realization in future. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of change in tax rates is recognized in the profit & loss account in the period of enactment of the change.

1.11 Earnings Per Share

a) Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

b) For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.



Blackplinth Realtors Private Limited

CIN: U 45400 MH 2011 PTC 219443

Notes to the Financial Statements

1.12 Provisions

- a) A provision is recognized when the company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.
- b) Where the company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

1.13 Contingent liabilities & Contingent Assets

- a) Contingent liabilities are disclosed separately by way of note to financial statements after careful evaluation by the management of the facts and legal aspects of the matter involved in the case of
- i. a probable obligation arising from the past event, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.
- ii. a possible obligation, unless the probability of out flow of resources is remote.
- b) Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

1.14 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received/ paid to sell an asset or to transfer a liability, as the case may be, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability also reflects its non-performance risk.

While measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level I that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial Assets

A. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in the Statement of Profit or loss.

B. Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets.

The Company classifies financial assets (other than equity instruments) as under;

- (a) subsequently measured at amortised cost;
- (b) fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- (c) fair value through profit or loss

On the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

Amortized cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met

The asset is held within a business model whose objective is

- · To hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method and such amortization is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Loss allowances on trade receivables are measured following the 'simplified approach' at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL at each reporting date.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

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All financial liabilities (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction costs that are directly attributable to the respective financial liabilities. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings



Blackplinth Realtors Private Limited

CIN: U 45400 MH 2011 PTC 219443

Notes to the Financial Statements

Subscauent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs.

Borrowings are removed from the Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other gains / (losses).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender has agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

(ii) Trade and other payables

Derecognition

financial liability is replaced by another, from the same lender, on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank, cash in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less

Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 on 'Statement of Cash Flow'. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalent consist of cash, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Corporation's cash management.

1.16 First-time adoption-mandatory exceptions, optional exemptions

Overall principle

The Company has prepared the opening Balance Sheet as per Ind AS as of the transition date which is 1st April, 2015, by

- (a) recognising all assets and liabilities whose recognition is required by Ind AS;
- (b) not recognising items of assets or liabilities which are not permitted by Ind AS;
- (c) reclassifying items from previous GAAP to Ind AS as required under Ind AS; and
- (d) applying Ind AS in measurement of recognised assets and liabilities.

However, this principle is subject to certain exceptions and certain optional exemptions availed by the Company as detailed below:

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

The Company has applied the derecognition requirements of financial assets and liabilities prospectively for transactions occurring on or after 1st April, 2015 (date of transition).

Impairment of financial assets

The Company has applied the impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 retrospectively; however, as permitted by Ind AS 101, it has used reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to determine the credit risk at the date that financial instruments were initially recognised in order to compare it with the credit risk at the transition date. Further, the company has not undertaken an exhaustive search for information when determining, at the date of transition to Ind ASs, whether there have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition, as permitted by Ind AS 101.

Deemed cost for property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets recognised as of 1st April, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.



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Notes forming part of Financial statements as on March 31, 2017	A	mount in Rs.
2.01: Property, Plant and Equipments		
The following are the carrying values of Property, Plant & Equipment:		
	Office	
Particulars	Equipment	Total
Gross Block		
As on 01.04.2015	-	-
Additions/ Reclassifications	24,925	24,925
Deductions/ Reclassifications	•	
As on 31.03.2016	24,925	24,925
Additions/ Reclassifications	 	-
Deductions/ Reclassifications	-	_
As on 31.03.2017	24,925	24,925
Depreciation/ Amortisation		
As on 01.04.2015	_	_
For the year 2015-16	6,120	6,120
Deductions/ Reclassifications	-,	-,
As on 31.03.2016	6,120	6,120
For the year 2016-17	6,120	6,120
Deductions/ Reclassifications	-	
As on 31.03.2017	12,239	12,239
Net Block as on 01.04.15	*	
Net Block as on 31.03.16	18,805	18,805
Net Block as on 31.03.17	12,686	12,686



Notes to the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2017	7		Amount in Rs.
2.02: Loans	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	01.04.2015
Unsecured, considered good			
Rent Deposits	62,70,560	22,20,560	9,95,560
	62,70,560	22,20,560	9,95,560
2.03: Other Non-Current Assets			
VAT Deposit	25,000	25,000	25,000
Deposit to Society under re-development	5,00,00,000	5,00,00,000	5,00,00,000
·	5,00,25,000	5,00,25,000	5,00,25,000
2.04: Inventories			
Project work-in-progress	23,22,60,484	20,29,31,136	17,55,34,333
	23,22,60,484	20,29,31,136	17,55,34,333
2.05: Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Balances with Scheduled Banks:			
- on Current Accounts	38,29,531	_	23,51,751
Cash on Hand	1,000	1,000	1,000
Fixed Deposits with Original Maturity Less than 3 months	-,000	1,000	1,000
	38,30,531	1,000	23,52,751
2.06: Other Current Assets			
Advance for area to be acquired from members	1,31,86,980	1 70 00 460	
Advance given for registration and stamp duty	57,440	1,79,90,460	-
Advance for Project	51,00,000	2,89,700	-
Prepaid Expenses	4,000	51,00,000	51,00,000
Service Tax Cenvat received	16,11,713	6,000	8,000
• •	1,99,60,133	12,23,699 2,46,09,859	8,46,938 59,54,938



Blackplinth Realtors Private Limited

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Notes to the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2017			Amount in Rs.
	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	01.04.2015
2.07: Equity Share capital			
A. Authorised:			
50,000 (31.03 2016 : 50,000; 01.04.2015 : 50,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	5,00,000	5,00,000	5,00,000
B. Issued:			
50,000 (31.03 2016 : 50,000; 01.04.2015 : 50,000) Equity Shares of R 10/- each	5,00,000	5,00,000	5,00,000
C. Subscribed & Fully Paid up:			
50,000 (31 03.2016 : 50,000; 01.04 2015 : 50,000) Equity Shares of R 10/- each	5,00,000	5,00,000	5,00,000
	5,00,000	5,00,000	5,00,000
D. Reconciliation of number of equity shares			
•	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,000	50,000	50,000
Equity shares allotted during the year			
Outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	50,000	50,000

E. Rights and Restrictions on Equity

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim Dividend

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

F. Shares held by holding company

Elonges acts by notating company	•	****	As at	March 31,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	20	17	2	016	20:	15
•	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	% of holding	No. of Shares	% of holding
Kothari Products Limited, the holding Company	27.000	2,70.000	27,000	2,70,000	27,000	2,70,000

G. Details of shares held by each shareholder, holding more than 5% shares in the company:

			Asa	March 31,	***************************************	
	2	017	2016		20	15
	No. of Shares	% of holding	No. of Shares	% of holding	No. of Shares	% of holding
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid						
Aalekh H. Chandan	6,000	12%	6,000	12%	6,000	12%
Haresh P. Chandan	8,000	16%	8,000	16%	8,000	16%
Kothari Products Limited	27,000	54%	27,000	54%	27,000	54%
Piyush N. Kothari	6,000	12%	6,000	12%	6,000	12%

2.08. Retained Earnings	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03,2015
As per last Balance Sheet	(4,28,628)	(3,11,283)	(2,46,070)
Add : Profit / (Loss) for the year	(73,964)	(1,17,345)	(65,213)

(5,02,592)

(4,28,628)

Retained Earnings are the losses that the company has incurred till date.



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(3,11,283)

Notes to the Financial Statements as at ?	March 31, 2017		Amount in Rs.
	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	01.04.2015
2.09: Current Borrowings			
Un - secured			
Directors & relatives	31,04,16,011	27.66,29,976	23,26,25,149
	31,04,16,011	27,66,29,976	23,26,25,149
2.10: Trade Payables			
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME)		-	
Other than MSME	13,84,709	8,96,452	18,74,490
	13,84,709	8,96,452	18,74,490
2.11: Other Current Financial Liabilities			
Expense payable	37,730	12,595	12,922
Book Overdraft in Current bank account	•	20,97,019	·
	37,730	21,09,614	12,922
2.12: Other Current Liabilities			
Advance from Customers	4,63,536	-	-
Statutory payable	60,000	98,947	1,61,304
	5,23,536	98,947	1,61,304

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Notes to the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2017		Amount in Rs
	2016 - 17	2015 - 16
3.01 : Expenses incurred on project under development		
Cost of area acquired from members	63,65,040	1,25,95,770
Construction expenses	14,23,395	1,24,013
MCGM and Registrar Fees	5,09,500	36,217
Purchase Material	2,13,908	
Professional and technical fees	16,32,530	24,21,214
Registration and stamp duty	5,08,260	28,93,900
Reimbursement of Maintenance charges of society	39,00,000	34,00,000
Rent expense for alternate accommodation	1,44,90,515	55,72,194
Transferable Development Expenses	2,86,200	-
Commission & Brokerage		3,53,500
•	2,93,29,348	2,73,96,80
3.02 : Changes in Inventories of Work-in-Progress		
Closing Stock:		
Project work - in - progress	23,22,60,484	20,29,31,130
Less: Opening Stock:		
Project work - in - progress	20,29,31,136	17,55,34,33
	(2,93,29,348)	(2,73,96,80
3.03 : Other Expenses		
Bank Charges	8,424	1,002
Filling Fees	1,600	2,52
nterest on Services Tax	1,804	39
nterest on TDS	8,938	14,73
egal and professional fees	25,613	20,80
Payment to auditor	12,595	12,59
Professional Tax	2,000	2,00
Rent	6,870	6,74
Printing and stationery	-	8,60
Service Tax Paid		41,83
	67,844	1,11,22



Notes to the Financial Statements

4.01: First-time adoption of Ind AS

Transition to Ind AS

These are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

For the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2014, notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 and other relevant provisions of the Act ('IGAAP'). The accounting policies set out have been applied in preparing the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016 onwards and the opening Ind AS Balance Sheet on the date of transition (i.e. April 1, 2015).

In preparing its Ind AS Balance Sheet as at April 1, 2015 and in presenting the comparative information for the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company has adjusted amounts previously reported in the Financial Statements prepared in accordance with IGAAP. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its Financial Statements prepared in accordance with IGAAP, and how the transition from IGAAP to Ind AS has impacted the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

A. Exemptions and exceptions availed

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Company has availed the below mentioned optional exemptions and mandatory exceptions.

A.I Optional exemptions

A.1.1 Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The Company has availed the exemption available under Ind AS 101 to continue the carrying value for all of its Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets as recognised in the Financial Statements as at the date of transition to Ind ASs, measured as per the IGAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition (April 1, 2015).

A.1.2 Fair value measurement of financial assets or financial liabilities at initial recognition

The Company has availed the exemption available under Ind AS 101 to determine Fair value measurement of financial assets or financial liabilities at initial recognition prospectively.

A.2 Ind AS mandatory exceptions

A.2.1 Estimates

Ind AS estimates as at April 1, 2015 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with IGAAP.

A.2.2 Classification and measurement of financial assets

As permitted under Ind AS 101, the Company has determined the classification of financial assets based on facts and circumstances that exist on the date of transition. In line with Ind AS 101, measurement of financial assets accounted at amortised cost has been done retrospectively except where the same is impracticable.

A.2.3 Impairment of financial assets

As permitted under Ind AS 101, the Company has determined the classification of financial assets based on facts and circumstances that exist on the date of transition. In line with Ind AS 101, impairement of financial assets accounted at amortised cost has been done retrospectively except where the same is impracticable.



CIN; U 45400 MH 2011 PTC 219443
Notes to the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2017

4.02. Classification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities:

The following table shows the carryi	rrying amounts o	f Financial Asset	ing amounts of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities which are classified at Amortised Cost	abilities which a	re classified at A	mortised Cost.			Amount in Rs.
		31.03.2017			31.03.2016			31.03.2015	
	TALLA	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FYTOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial assets									
(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	•	ı	38,30,531	B:	•	000'1	9	•	23,52,751
(ii) Loans	•	•	62,70,560	•		22,20,560			9,95,560
Гма	•	4	1,01,01,091	•	•	22.21,560	•		33,48,311
Financial liabilities									
(i) Borrowings	,	ı	31,04,16,011	,	•	27,66,29,976	•	•	23,26,25,149
(ii) Trade Payables	•	٠	13,84,709	,	•	8,96.452	•	•	18,74,490
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	•	•	37,730	-	•	21,09,614		,	12,922
Total	•	•	31,18,38,450	•	-	27,96,36,042	•	•	23,45,12,561

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at anvortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values, since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amount would be significantly different from the values that would eventually he recieved or settled.

4.03. Financial risk management

A. Risk management framework

In its ordinary operations, the Company's activities expose it to the various types of risks, which are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it operates. The Company has its risk management process which has been carried out at regular interval. The following is the summary of the main risks: B. Company has identified financial risk and categorised them in three parts Viz. (i) Credit Risk. (ii) Liquidity Risk & (iii) Market Risk. Details regarding sources of risk in each such category and how Company manages the risk is explained in following notes.

B.1 - Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its confractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and deposits given in normal course of business. The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful debts and impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables.

The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instuments covered below is resticted to their respective carrying amount.

Rent Deposits

	As at	As at	As at
	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	01.04.2015
Rent deposits	62,70,560	22,20,560	9,95,560

B.2. Liquidity risk

ensure that all business and financial commitments are met on time. The Company has adequate borrowing limits in place duly approved by its shareholders and board. Company sources of liquidity includes operating eash flows, cash and cash equivalents, fund and non-fund based lines from banks. Cash and fund flow management is monitored daily in order to Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. Company has a strong focus on effective management of its liquidity to have smooth and continuous business operations.



Blackplinth Realtors Private Limited CIN: U 45400 MH 2011 PTC 219443 Notes to the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2017

		O.	res to the runanc	Notes to the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2017	. at March 31, 2	.017			
B.2.1. Maturities of financial liabilities	liabilities								
The amounts disclosed in the table	able are the contrac	are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.	d cash flows.						(Rs. Crores)
				Com	Contractual cash flows	0W3			
		31.03.2017			31.03.2016			01.04.2015	
Particulars	Upto 1 year	1-3 years	More than 3	Upto 1 year	1-3 years	More than 3	Upto I year	1-3 years	More than 3
						16413			YEATS
Borrowings	31,04,16,011	ı	•	27,66,29,976		•	23,26,25,149	•	,
Trade payables	13,84,709	1	•	8,96,452	,	•	18,74,490	•	,
Other financial liabilities	37,730	-	•	21,09,614	•	•	12,922	•	•
Total	al 31,18,38,450			27,96.36.042	•	٠	23,45,12,561	•	

B.3. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value on future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The value of the financial instrument may change due to change in the interest rates. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes loans and borrowings.



	Notes to the Financial Statements	A	mount in Rs.
4.04	Earnings Per Share (EPS)		
		2017	2016
	Net profit / (loss) for the year	(73,964)	(1,17,345
	Less: Preference dividend and tax thereon		
	Net profit / (loss) for the year from continuing operations	(73,964)	(1,17,345)
	Weighted average number of equity shares	50,000	50,000
	Par value per share	10.00	10.00
	Earnings per share	(1.48)	(2 35)
4.05	Details of project revenue and costs		
		2017	2016
	Project revenue recognised during the year	•	-
	Aggregate of project costs incurred and recognised profits (less	23,22,60,484	20,29,31,136
	Advances received for project in progress	4,63,536	
	Amount of work-in-progress and the value of inventory	23,22,60,484	20,29,31,136
	Excess of revenue recognised over actual bills raised	-	

4.06 Micro and small enterprises

Based on and to the extent of information received by the Company from the suppliers during the year regarding their status under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the relavant particulars for the years ended 31st March 2017 and 31st March 2016 are furnished below:

Particulars	2017	2016
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any		
supplier as at the end of each accounting year,		-
Interest paid in terms of Section 16 (at 3 times RBI rate) and the amount of		
delayed payments;	_	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but		
without adding the interest specified under this Act;		
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year;	-	_
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the		
succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise;		

Due to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

4.07 Segment information

As the Company's business activity falls within a single business segment viz. providing service of real estate development which is considered as the only reportable segment and the revenue substantially being in the domestic market, the financial statement are reflective of the information required by Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

4.08 Related party disclosures

Names of related parties and related party relationship-where control exists

Holding company Kothari Products Limited

Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year

Holding company

Key management personnel

Kothari Products Limited Deepak Kothari Mitesh Kothari Haresh P. Chandan Aalekh H. Chandan

Related party transactions

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties and outstanding balances for the relevant financial year:

Loans taken and repayment thereof

	Year ended	Loan taken	Loan Repayment	Amount owed to related parties
Aalekh Chandan	31-Mar-17	-		35,00,000
	31-Mar-16	25,00,000	•	35,00,000
Haresh Chandan	31-Mar-17	5,37,50,000	•	7,45,33,500
	31-Mar-16	1,90,00,000	-	2,07,83,500
Kothari Products Limited	31-Mar-17	37,235	1,41,83,311	•
	31-Mar-16	3,84,04,427	25,41,00,000	1,41,46,075
Arti Kothari	31-Mar-17	2.76,82,511	3,35,00,000	23,23,82,511
	31-Mar-16	23,82,00,000		23,82,00,000
Deepak Kothari	31-Mar-17	1,44,054	1,44,454	•
	31-Mar-16	75,02,400	75,02,000	400
Piyush Kothari	31-Mar-17	-	-	-
	31-Mar-16	-	-	•

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